

DISCLOSURE NOTICE - PART 2
Protection Device/Oil, Gas, Mineral and Timber Rights

PROPERTY ADDRESS: _____

PROTECTION DEVICE DISCLOSURE

SMOKE ALARMS

The law requires that a property owner/landlord must provide working smoke detectors on each floor of all properties for sale or rent.

It is the responsibility of the property owner/landlord to ensure that smoke detectors are in working order when a new owner/tenant moves in. Once a new owner/tenant moves in, it is then the new owner/tenant's responsibility to check the batteries in the smoke detector and to ensure that the unit is in good working order. New owners/tenants understand that there are legal penalties for removing the batteries from any smoke alarm.

CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS

As of March 6, 2003 the law requires that a property owner/landlord must provide at least one working carbon monoxide detector in each unit for sale or rent.

It is the responsibility of the property owner/landlord to ensure that the carbon monoxide detector is in working condition when a new owner/tenant moves in. Once a new owner/tenant moves in, it is then the responsibility of the new owner/tenant to check the batteries in the carbon monoxide detector and to ensure that the unit is in good working order. New owners/tenants understand that there are legal penalties for removing batteries from any carbon monoxide detector.

SELLER DISCLOSURE REGARDING OIL, GAS, MINERAL AND TIMBER RIGHTS

The owner of real property has a variety of rights that can convey with property when the property is sold to another. These rights include surface rights (the rights to build or plant crops upon the ground) and certain subsurface rights (the right to extract materials from below the ground). Among the various subsurface rights, are the rights to explore for, and remove, oil, gas and various minerals such as coal, sand and gravel. Surface and subsurface rights are often transferred together; however these rights can transfer separately. Despite the best intention of Sellers, property owners are often not aware of the extent of the oil, gas and mineral rights they may or may not own. Determining who owns the various rights to oil, gas and minerals can be complex and should only be done by an attorney and/or title company with expertise in this area. Buyers of real property are strongly encouraged to have their rights to oil, gas and minerals examined before moving forward with a purchase and sale agreement.

- Seller owns all and has not leased any oil, gas, mineral and/or timber rights.
- Seller does not own the rights to oil, gas and/or minerals.
- Seller does not own the rights to timber.
- Some oil, gas, mineral and/or timber rights have been leased by the Seller or previous owner.
- Seller has attached copies of all written oil, gas, mineral and/or timber rights leases and other documents (e.g. leases, royalty agreements) within the Seller's possession to this disclosure.
- Seller has no knowledge.

THIS IS A DISCLOSURE ONLY. Buyer has received and read this disclosure notice.

SELLER: _____ BUYER: _____

SELLER: _____ BUYER: _____

DATE: _____